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## CLAIMS

A booster transformer for driving a magnetron,
 comprising:

a bobbin having a primary winding and a secondary winding becomes wound thereon; and

a core inserted into a center of said bobbin,

wherein a winding area of said secondary winding is divided into two areas while interposing a partition wall, and an outer diameter  $\underline{d}$  of a wire of said secondary winding and a width  $\underline{t}_1$  of each of the divided wiring areas are so set as to satisfy the relation  $t_1 < 11d$ .

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- 2. A booster transformer for driving a magnetron as defined in claim 1, wherein said secondary winding is wound on said bobbin while a wire material thereof is arranged under an irregular state.
- A booster transformer for driving a magnetron as defined in claim 1, wherein a thickness t<sub>2</sub> of said partition
  wall and the width t<sub>1</sub> of each of said divided wiring areas are so set as to satisfy the relation 0.8t<sub>2</sub> < t<sub>1</sub>.
  - 4. A booster transformer for driving a magnetron as defined in claim 1, wherein the wire material of said secondary

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winding is a solid wire having an insulating coating formed around a core wire or a litz wire formed by merely twisting a plurality of said solid wires.

5. A booster transformer for driving a magnetron as defined in claim 1, wherein high-voltage components constituting a voltage doubler rectifier circuit for rectifying a high frequency high voltage from said secondary winding of said booster transformer are held integrally with said bobbin.